

Philips Lighting Company

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pg. 1 of 3

PRODUCT: PL-L 18W/TUV

SECTION 1: MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer's Name and Address: Philips Lighting Company
A Division of Philips Electronics
North America Corporation
200 Franklin Square Drive
Somerset, New Jersey 08875

Emergency Telephone No.: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC
(732) 563-3197

Other Information Calls: (732) 563-3488

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

	OSHA (PEL) mg/m ³	ACGIH TLV mg/m ³	%by Weight
Mercury (7439-97-6)	.1	.025	<.005%

SECTION 3: PHYSICAL DATA

Not Applicable! This item is a light bulb, which can range from 8.5 inches to 22.5 inches in length. The bulb is glass. The contact pins are brass and the base is a plastic PBT with fiberglass.



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Philips Electronics North America Corporation

200 Franklin Square Drive
P.O. Box 6800
Somerset, NJ 08875-6800
Tel: 732.563.3000

SECTION 4: FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Fire and explosion data not applicable -- under extreme heat, glass envelope might melt or crack.

SECTION 5: REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Lamp is stable.
Polymerization: Not applicable.
Incompatibility: Glass will react with Hydrofluoric Acid.

SECTION 6: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

DANGER: ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE. THIS LAMP EMITS ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION (UVC) WHICH IS HARMFUL TO SKIN AND EYES AND CAN CAUSE SERIOUS SKIN BURNS AND EYE INJURY EITHER FROM DIRECT OR REFLECTED RADIATION.

Breakage of the lamp may result in some exposure to a very small amount of elemental mercury vapor. No adverse effects are expected from occasional exposure to broken lamps, but as a matter of good practice prolonged or frequent exposure should be avoided through the use of adequate ventilation during disposal of large quantities of lamps.

EMERGENCY FIRST AID: Normal first aid procedure for glass cuts if such occur through lamp breakage.

SECTION 7: PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

To reduce the risk of personal injury, install ONLY in fixtures, which provide protection to area occupants. SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR ILLUMINATION PURPOSES. Consult fixture manufacture regarding the suitability of the fixture for this lamp. Operate with proper auxiliary electrical equipment. Turn off lamps before installing, replacing, cleaning or performing any maintenance work near fixtures.

Normal precautions should be taken for the collection of broken glass.

SECTION 7: PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE(cont'd)

Waste Disposal Method: At the end of rated life, when this lamp is removed from service, it will be subjected to the current Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) prescribed by the Environmental Protection Agency. This test is used to determining whether an item is a hazardous waste or a non-hazardous waste under current E. P. A. definition. These lamps would fail the TCLP test and would be considered hazardous under the Universal Waste Rules. Generators should evaluate all of the disposal options, which may be available in the particular state in which the generator's facility is located. The generator should check with federal, state and local officials for their guidance. Philips encourages recycling of its products by qualified recyclers.

SECTION 8: CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection: Appropriate dust mask (mercury control) should be used if large quantities of lamps are being broken for disposal.

Ventilation: Avoid inhalation of any airborne dust. Provide local exhaust when disposing of large quantities of lamps.

Hand & Eye Protection: Appropriate hand & eye protection should be worn when disposing of large quantities or handling broken lamps.

SECTION 9: REGULATORY INFORMATION

As a product these mercury containing lamps being shipped in the manufacturer's original packaging are not regulated by air, truck or ocean shipment. As a waste, these spent fluorescent lamps would be regulated in various states and local communities. This material safety data sheet does not constitute "knowledge of the waste", in certain jurisdictions.

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